

SERVER PROVISIONING WITH TERRAFORM, ANSIBLE AND PACKER

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ABOUT THIS TALK

INTRODUCTORY TALK ON

- Terraform
- Ansible
- Packer

WE WILL DEMO ON DIGITALOCEAN

- Simple to set up a single server
- Cheap

OR LOCAL QEMU

- Backup

WHAT WE WILL DO

- Launch a server (Terraform)
- Provision it (Ansible)
- Build an image for it (Packer)

CODE ONLINE

- <https://github.com/mahnve/server-provisioning>

ABOUT TERRAFORM

- Launches Infrastructure
- Handles Many Providers
- Files written in HCL
- Handles state

PROVIDERS

- AWS
- Azure
- DigitalOcean
- Heroku
- GitHub
- Mailgun
- ...

TERRAFORM DEMO

CODE REPOSITORY

CREATE DIRECTORY

```
$ cd <favorite_src_dir>  
$ git init server_provisioning  
$ cd server_provisioning  
$ mkdir terraform  
$ cd terraform
```

CHECKING THAT TERRAFORM IS INSTALLED

```
$ terraform
usage: terraform [--version] [--help] <command> [args]
[...]
```

THE TERRAFORM.TFVARS FILE

- If not set, Terraform will ask for them
- Do not check into version control

```
do_token = "very_long_token"  
public_key = "~/.ssh/key.pub"
```

BASIC TERRAFORM FILE

- All .tf files are included by default by the terraform command

```
variable "do_token" {}
variable "public_key" {}

provider "digitalocean" {
  token="${var.do_token}"
}
resource "digitalocean_ssh_key" "default" {
  name = "tf-key"
  public_key = "${file("${var.public_key}")}"
}

resource "digitalocean_droplet" "test-server" {
  name="test-server"
  region="ams2"
  size="512mb"
  image="debian-8-x64"
  ssh_keys= ["${digitalocean_ssh_key.default.fingerprint}"]
}
```


TERRAFORM PLAN TO CHECK THAT ALL IS OK

```
$ terraform plan
```

TERRAFORM APPLY TO ACTUALLY BUILD STUFF

```
$ terraform apply
```

FOR EXTRA CREDIT, CREATE A MAKEFILE

- Because Makefiles

```
.PHONY: tf-apply tf-plan
```

```
tf-apply:  
  terraform apply
```

```
tf-plan:  
  terraform plan
```

ABOUT PROVISIONING TOOLS

WHAT'S WRONG WITH BASH?

- Procedural vs Declarative
- Reinventing wheel

WHAT'S WRONG WITH CHEF/PUPPET?

- 1st Generation
- Really assumes server based

WHAT'S WRONG WITH ANSIBLE?

- YAML
- YAML
- YAML
- Not well known for accepting outside contributions
- Occasional versioning problems

WHAT'S GOOD ABOUT ANSIBLE?

- Serverless
(SSH/WinRM)
 - Easy to setup
 - Scales well enough
- Easy to understand
- Works on Windows (?)

ABOUT ANSIBLE

- Open Source
- Acquired by RedHat 2015
- **Tower** is the commercial offering

ANSIBLE

PARTS

PLAYBOOKS

```
- hosts: webservers
vars:
  http_port: 80
remote_user: root
tasks:
  - name: ensure apache is at the latest version
    apt: name=apache2 state=latest
  - name: write the apache config file
    template: src=site.conf.j2 dest=/etc/sites-available/site.conf
    notify:
      - restart apache
  - name: ensure apache is running (and enable it at boot)
    service: name=httpd state=started enabled=yes
handlers:
  - name: restart apache
    service: name=httpd state=restarted
```

INVENTORY

mail.example.com

[webservers]

foo.example.com

bar.example.com

[dbservers]

one.example.com

two.example.com

three.example.com

COMMANDS

```
$ ansible-playbook playbook.yml -i hosts
```

ROLES

- Group related tasks together

```
roles
├── apache
│   ├── defaults
│   │   └── main.yml
│   ├── handlers
│   │   └── main.yml
│   ├── meta
│   │   └── main.yml
│   ├── tasks
│   │   └── main.yml
│   └── templates
│       └── cms.devd.io.conf.j2
```

ROLES IN PLAYBOOKS

- hosts: all
roles:
 - sshd
- hosts: db
roles:
 - postgresql
- hosts: webservers
roles:
 - apache

ANSIBLE GALAXY

- Reuse other peoples stuff, yay!
- Reuse other peoples stuff, yuk!

MODULES

Where things happen

CLOUD

- Overlap with Terraform
- AWS
- Azure
- Digital Ocean
- ...

CLUSTERING

- Consul
- Kubernetes
- ZooKeeper

COMMANDS

Run stuff directly

DATABASE

- PostgreSQL
- MySQL
- MSSQL
- Mongo
- Redis
- ...

FILES

- Upload
- Modify
- Templating

MESSAGING

RabbitMQ

MONITORING

- Airbrake
- Pingdom
- UptimeRobot
- ...

NETWORK

- Download files
- Manage DNS
- ...

NOTIFICATION

- Slack
- IRC
- ...

PACKAGING

- apt
- yum
- pip
- maven
- bower
- npm
- ...

SOURCE CONTROL

- git
- github
- ...

SYSTEM

- service
- systemd
- mount
- cron
- ...

WEB INFRA

- apache2module
- letsencrypt

WINDOWS

Lots of stuff

ANSIBLE DEMO

CREATE ROLE DIRECTORY

```
$ mkdir -p ansible/roles
```

```
$ cd ansible/roles
```

```
$ mkdir -p firewall/{defaults, tasks, handlers }
```

```
$ mkdir -p base/tasks
```

```
$ mkdir -p app/{defaults,tasks,templates,handlers }
```

BASE TASKS

```
---  
- name: Install base packages  
  apt: name={{ item }}  
  with_items:  
    - supervisor
```

FIREWALL TASKS

- name: install ufw
apt: name=ufw
- name: open our web port
ufw:
 rule: allow
 port: 9090
notify: reload ufw
- name: open SSH port
ufw:
 rule: allow
 port: 22
notify: reload ufw
- name: enable ufw
ufw:
 state: enabled
 policy: deny

FIREWALL HANDLERS

- name: reload ufw
- ufw: state=reloaded

APP

- name: Create app directory
file: path=/opt/app-0.1/ state=directory
- name: Download app
get_url:
url: <https://github.com/mahnve/go-web/releases/download/0.1/run>
dest: /opt/app-0.1/app
mode: 0755
notify: restart app
- name: symlink
file: src=/opt/app-0.1 dest=/opt/app state=link
- name: upload supervisor d template
template: src=supervisord.template dest=/etc/supervisor/conf.d/app.conf
notify: restart app
- name: load app
supervisorctl: name=app state=present

APP HANDLERS

- name: restart app
supervisorctl: name=app state=restarted

APP SUPERVISOR TEMPLATE

```
[program:app]  
command=/opt/app/app
```


THE HOSTS FILE

```
[digital_ocean]  
<ip> ansible_ssh_user=root
```

THE PLAYBOOK FILE

- digitalocean.yaml

```
---  
- hosts: digital_ocean  
  roles:  
  - role: firewall
```

RUN ANSIBLE TO PROVISION

```
$ ansible-playbook -i hosts digitalocean.yaml
```

REALLY, CREATE A MAKEFILE

```
digitalocean:  
  ansible-playbook -i hosts digitalocean.yaml
```

ABOUT PACKER

WHAT IS IT

- Built by Hashicorp
 - They're everywhere!
- JSON-files

WHAT IT DOES

- Boots an image
- Runs provisioning
- Takes snapshot
- Shuts down

WHAT CAN WE USE IT FOR

- Immutable infrastructure
 - Slow
- Bake-off images, Immutable with constructor params
 - Load changes on boot
 - Cloud-Config

PACKER DEMO

CREATE DIRECTORY

```
$ mkdir -p packer  
$ cd packer
```

THE DO.JSON FILE

```
{
  "builders": [
    {
      "type": "digitalocean",
      "api_token": "token",
      "image": "debian-8-7-x64",
      "region": "FRA1",
      "size": "512mb",
      "ssh_username": "root",
      "user_data_file": "user_data.yaml"
    }
  ],
  "provisioners": [
    {
      "type": "ansible",
      "playbook_file": "../image.yaml"
    }
  ]
}
```

THE DO-IMAGE.YAML FILE

```
---
```

- hosts: default
- roles:
 - role: firewall
 - role: base
 - role: app

CLOUD-CONFIG

- Runs code on boot
- If you're running the right Linux
- On the right cloud
- Maybe

ARCHITECTURE

DIFFERENT LEVELS

SERVERS

- Individual machines
- Real hardware
- Virtual Servers
 - OpenStack
 - VMWare
 - Proxmox
- Cloud
 - AWS
 - Azure
 - Google Cloud
 - DigitalOcean

CONTAINER SERVICES

- Kubernetes
 - Deis
- Apache Mesos
 - Mesosphere
- Docker Cloud
- Dokku

PAAS

- Heroku
- AWS Beanstalk
- Azure App Service

STANDARD SERVERS

- Two ways to run standard servers

THE STANDARD WAY

- Install OS
 - Start Server
 - Terraform
- Provision Server
 - Make sure it has the right packages
 - Ansible
 - Chef
 - Puppet
 - Salt
- Deploy
 - Ansible?
 - Fabric
 - Capistrano

USE SERVER IMAGES

- Build Image
 - Packer
 - Set up deploy through Cloud Init
- Launch server from image

WHY RUN YOUR OWN?

OWN YOUR DATA

- Monitoring
- Logging

FLEXIBILITY

- Change Platform
 - HAProxy over cloud provided load balancer?
 - Cloud provider
 - Database
 - Container Orchestration
- Run local development

FINALLY

- Tooling is not devops
- Know your architecture
- Thanks